

A purple circle graphic is positioned to the left of the main title. Inside the circle, the words "PHARMACEUTICAL" and "E-BOOK" are written in white, uppercase, sans-serif font, stacked vertically.

PHARMACEUTICAL
E-BOOK

A vertical blue bar is located to the left of the main title, extending from the top of the title area down to the bottom of the title area.

Regulations and temperature monitoring requirements for Pharmacies

MHRA and CQC and the temperature monitoring technology available for safe practice of medicines distribution and storage.

Critical environments for medication

Medicines that are kept out of optimal environments may be irreversibly degraded and will not work in the same way that they were intended, causing potential risk to health and wellbeing.

Medical Storage

- Chilled storage conditions 2-8°C for most medicines

- Dry storage should not exceed 25°C

- Cold chain storage conditions 2-8°C for most medicines



MHRA, GPhC and CQC

Regulations are in place to ensure decisions are made to promote the safety of the public and that processes are accurate, effective and efficient. With MHRA signing memorandums of understanding between both GPhC and CQC, information gathered during each inspection has become more transparent than ever.

GPhC released a 2013-18 report revealing that more than 600 pharmacy inspections by GPhC resulted in 'poor' ratings. Improvements to the inspection model will be considered, so pharmacies need to consider how to use modern technology to improve safety standards.



Medicines &
Healthcare products
Regulatory Agency

General
Pharmaceutical
Council

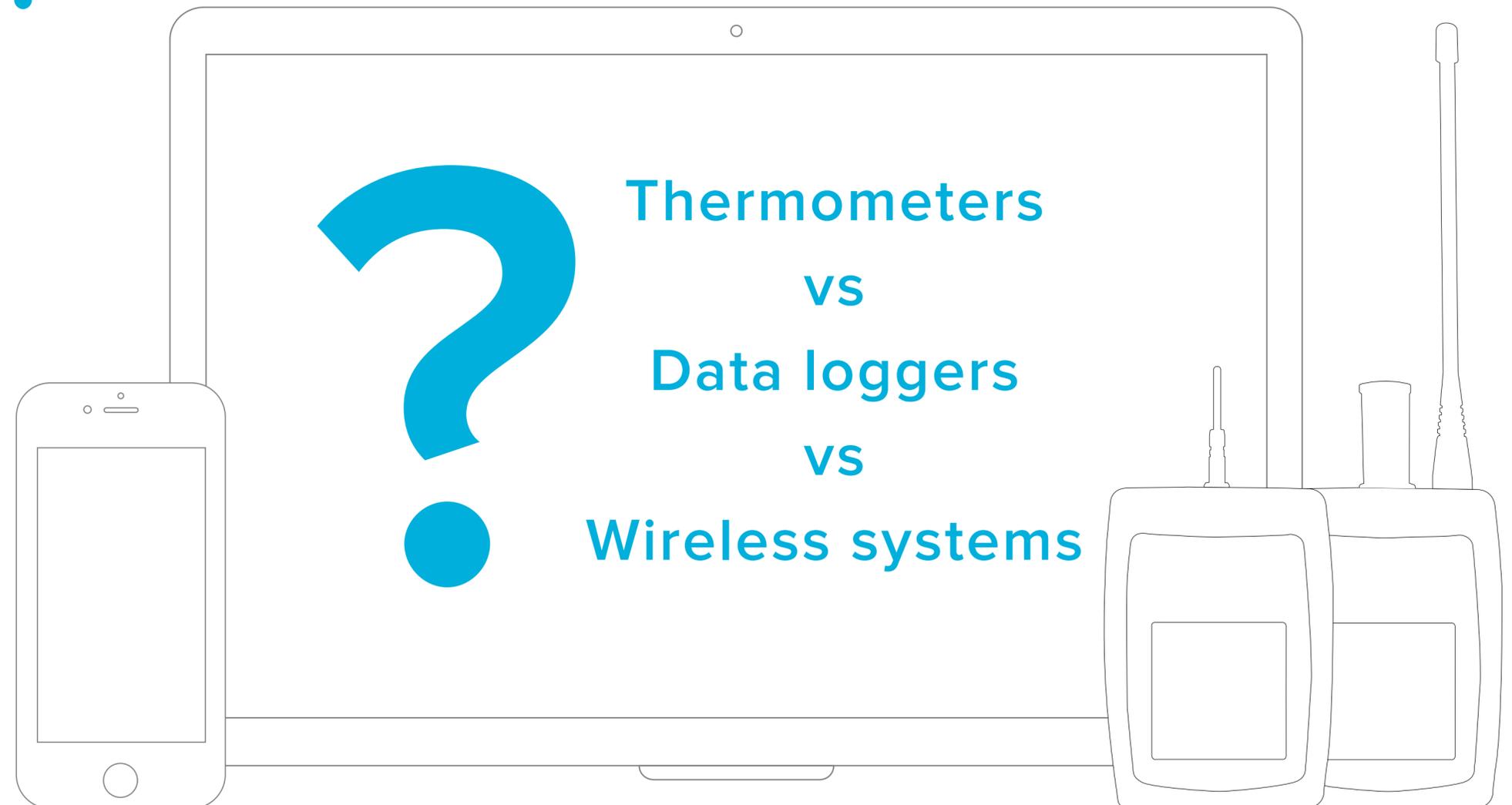


Reduce the burden of regulations

Preparing early for the next inspection is critical, especially when historical data is required. Inspectors are not obliged to give notice, although most will give a few weeks.



So, how should I record temperature?



What's the best technology for the job?

• Thermometers

Pros



Cost

They are potentially the cheapest option available

Cons



Power failures

can mean that temperatures could be breached. If the power is then restored and temperatures come back to a stable level just before a reading is taken, pharmacists are none the wiser to a potentially dangerous scenario



Manual process

daily checks are not only time consuming for staff, but also open to human error and illegibility of writing



Out of working hours

during holiday seasons checks may not be made for days



What's the best technology for the job?

- **Data loggers**

Pros



24/7 data trail



Cost

They are cheaper if your monitoring requirements are minimal (1-2 fridges/freezers)

Cons



Retrospective View

The damage is already done so doesn't prevent the loss of stock



Manual download

The memory capacity limitations cause the need for regular manual download and analysis



What's the best technology for the job?

WiFi systems

Pros



24/7 data trail



Real-time alerts and easy access to historical data

Typically available online



Cost

they are cheaper if you're monitoring small areas (typically up to 100 meters for WiFi)



Often require repeaters

multiple repeaters can cause poorer quality transmission and data gaps

Cons



Data security

Cloud-based sites can mean you are tied into a contract or that your data isn't yours, should you wish to change supplier at a later date



Data loss

If the WiFi goes down (average business experiences at least 1-2 major outage per year), you need to ensure that the transmitters log in order back fill data or it will create gaps in data.



What's the best technology for the job?

Radio systems

Pros



Radio frequencies can be unique

So not to interfere with other wireless/WiFi equipment



Real-time alerts and historical data

Available online, networked to other sites or standalone, depending on business requirements



Usually, these independent wireless systems will

Not be affected by power failures



Radio technology

Can reach up to 300 meters

ideal for up to 30 sensors. (Higher spec systems are available for pharmacy chains that need multi-site and networked access)

Cons



Cost

the most expensive option, but the latest technology usually is. Although the initial cost for the system is higher than alternatives, once the system is running, there are minimal ongoing cost implications



- **Ultimate peace of mind**



Adhere to regulations



Improve patient safety



Prevent damage to medical supplies





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